

SWEDEN**Export Certificate**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment	I.1. Consignor (name, address, country)			I.2. Certificate reference number				
				I.3 Central competent authority				
				I.4. Local competent authority				
	I.5. Consignee (name, address, country)							
	I.6. Country of origin		ISO code	I.7.	I.8. Country of destination		ISO-code	I.9
					South Korea		KR	
	I.10. Place of origin (name, approval number, address, postal code/Region)				I.11 Place of destination (name, approval number, address and postal code/Region)			
	I.12. Place of loading (name, postal code/Region)				I.13. Date and time of departure			
I.14. Means of transport			I.15. Entry BIP					
Aeroplane Ship Railway wagon								
Road vehicle Other								
Identification Number(s) ⁽¹⁾								
I.16. Description of commodity				I.17. Commodity code (HS code)				
				I.18. Quantity (kg)				
I.19. Temperature of the product				I.20. Number of packages				
Ambient Chilled Frozen								
I.21. Seal/Container No.				I.22. Type of packaging				

Signature of the official veterinarian ⁽²⁾Seal ⁽²⁾

SWEDEN

Pig meat and pig meat products for export to South Korea (KR)

I.23. Identification of the commodities					
Species (scientific name)	Nature of commodities	Establishments (name, address, approval number) Slaughterhouse(s)	Net weight	Number of packages	Batch number
Cutting and/or processing plant(s)					
Cold store(s)					
Period of slaughtering (YY/MM/DD ~ YY/MM/DD)			Period of cutting and/or processing (YY/MM/DD ~ YY/MM/DD)		

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number
<p>I, the undersigned official veterinarian inspector, hereby certify that:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The pigs used for producing the pork meat shall be born and raised in Sweden or imported from countries recognized to be eligible to export the pork meat to the Republic of Korea and raised in Sweden for more than 3 months before slaughter; 2. Sweden has been free from foot and mouth disease (FMD) and classical swine fever (CSF) for the last 12 months, from vesicular stomatitis, swine vesicular disease (SVD) and rinderpest for the last 24 months and from African Swine Fever (ASF) for the last 3 years, prior to export. However, in case the Korean Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Rural Affairs recognizes that an effective stamping-out policy for the above diseases is in place in Sweden, the period shall be shortened in accordance with the Terrestrial Animal Health Code by the World Organization for Animal Health (WOAH); 3. In the event of an outbreak of CSF in domestic pigs in Sweden, the pork meat intended to be exported to the Republic of Korea must come from areas that have been recognized as being free from CSF by the Korean government. 4. Vaccination is not practiced for any of the aforementioned diseases; 5. The meat is derived from pigs born and raised on farms that were free from Brucellosis for at least the past 3 years, free from anthrax for at least the past 2 years, and free from Aujeszky's disease for at least the past 1 year prior to slaughter; the farm is not located in an area which is under the quarantine control of the veterinary authority of Sweden, in relation to prevent the spread of diseases; 	

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Part II: Certification

Signature of the official veterinarian⁽²⁾..... Seal⁽²⁾

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II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	
<p>6. Pigs used for producing pork meat must have been kept and slaughtered in an ASF-free zone in Sweden since birth or for at least the past three months prior to slaughter, shall not be in contact with ASF-infected pigs while in transit to slaughterhouses and shall not move through the ASF restricted zones. In the case of necessary animal transport through ASF restricted zones, the locally determined conditions by the Veterinary Authorities have been met, which include the use of an express highway and the sealing of the transport vehicle;</p> <p>7. The establishment(s) for export are approved or registered and controlled by the competent authorities of Sweden in accordance with EU Regulation and registered with the Korean government. The establishment(s) for export are under official sanitary supervision by the Swedish authorities and present no non-compliances in regular sanitary inspections;</p> <p>8. The export establishments shall keep original records of daily slaughter, processing and storage maintaining relevant information such as farms of origin of pork meat exported to Korea for more than two years;</p> <p>9. Establishment for export is not located in areas contaminated with an outbreak of, or in the quarantine areas for the following diseases: Aujeszky's disease, Anthrax, Brucellosis;</p> <p>10. Establishment for export do not process or handle meat for export to Korea at the same time with cloven-hoofed animals or their products that are produced or have passed through countries not allowed to export to Korea;</p> <p>11. In case of ASF outbreaks in Sweden⁽³⁾,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) the pigs used for producing pork meat etc. for export; originates from an ASF-free zone which is updated and provided by the competent authority of Sweden when necessary and shall not be originated from farms that are epidemiologically linked to the ASF-affected farms. ASF-free zone as defined in the EU legislation and confirmed by the Korean government that the disease-free conditions are met in accordance with the WOAH Code; b) the slaughterhouses, the cutting and/or processing plants and cold stores for export must be located in an ASF-free zone in Sweden and not be epidemiologically linked to the ASF-affected farms. Slaughterhouses or processing plants located in a restricted zone I have been approved for export by the Korean government, after request; c) appropriate disease control measures are applied according to EU regulation; <p>12. The pork meat is derived from healthy pigs that have been examined and passed ante-mortem and post-mortem veterinarian inspection at the establishment for export and were found healthy and classified as fit for human consumption without any restriction in compliance with EU regulation. The pork meat has been examined for trichinella, cysticercus cellulosae and echinococcosis according to EU regulation and is considered to be fit for human consumption;</p> <p>13. While slaughtering, cutting, processing, packing, and storage are done to produce pork meat, etc., animals and products thereof in lower sanitation levels shall not be handled in the same place and meat used as raw material for manufacture of processed meat products shall be eligible to be exported to Korea;</p> <p>14. The pork meat, etc. meet the relevant regulations of the Korean government in regard to residues posing hazard to public health (antibiotics, pesticides, hormones, etc.), microorganisms, irradiation, ionization, and food additives (preservatives, tenderizers, etc.), etc. Pork meat and products thereof were treated in safe manner so as to prevent contamination with any pathogenic organisms;</p> <p>15. The packaging materials used in packing pork meat is sanitary and not injurious to humans. The approval number of the export establishment and the qualification mark are marked on the product or on the package in compliance with EU regulation. The qualification mark verifies that the meat has been treated in a manner not harmful to public health. The mark must be notified to the Korean government in advance.</p>		
Official veterinarian:		
Name (in capital)		Qualification and title
Date		Place
Stamp ⁽²⁾		Signature ⁽²⁾

- (1) For railway wagons or lorries, the registration number should be given, for aircraft the flight number, for vessels the name.
- (2) The signature and stamp must be of a different colour to that of the print.
- (3) The competent authority of Sweden shall immediately inform the Korean government of the outbreak. Article 14 shall apply instead of Article 4(1) from the Import Health Requirement for pork meat and pork products from Sweden. When the Korean government has serious and reasonable doubts confirmed by evidence that disease control measures against ASF in Sweden have not been effective enough to guarantee the safety of the exported goods and to contain the disease, the Korean government may choose to not accept the declaration of the disease free zones and stop the import from Sweden.

D U P L I C A T E